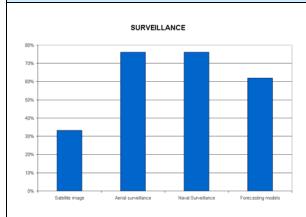
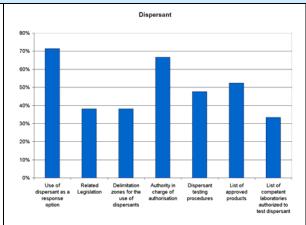
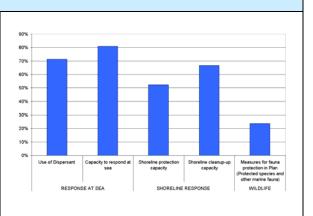
V.3. Strategy

REMPEC/MOIG Assessment







Satellite images are used by a minority of countries:

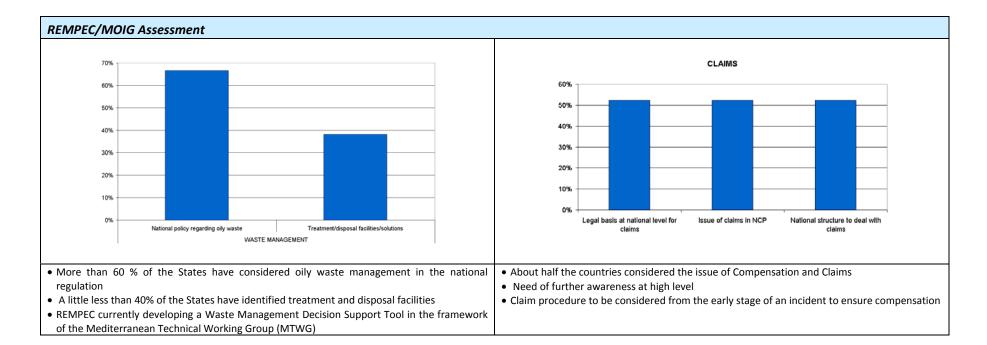
- Constraint: Cost of the services
- According to figures aerial and naval Surveillance available in a majority of States, the study did not specify the type of means and its ownership.
- REMPEC's project in this field: MARCOAST Project
- EU Countries: CleanSeaNet (EMSA)

Forecasting Models used by a majority of countries:

 MoU between the Mediterranean Operational Oceanographic Network (MOON) and REMPEC : Objective to Cover the Mediterranean Region

Possible area of improvement identified:

- Regulation of the use of dispersants
- Delimitation for the use of dispersants
- Testing procedures
- Identification of competent laboratories for testing the dispersant
- Revision of the Mediterranean Guidelines & its Annexes by the MTWG between 2010-2011
- Despite the limited amount of oil which can be recovered at sea (around 10% of spilled amount), response at sea appears to be the principle response strategy, including the use of dispersant
- Need to further assess capacity to respond at sea (not only in ports)
- Need to consider shoreline response as primarily response strategy
- Shoreline protection considered by 50% of the countries:
- As far as the protection of sensitive areas is concerned, priorities need to be defined, sensitivity mapping are required
- Wild life protection is rarely considered
- REMPEC in contact with wild life response association/institution (i.e. Sea Alarm, Accobams...) for further development in this field



Group Discussion	National Consultation
The Groups suggested:	In the majority of the countries, there is no clear pre-
• To have better guidance for use of dispersant from small to large spill (The Mediterranean Guidelines on the use of dispersant will	agreed national policy for use of dispersant
be revised in the framework of the MTWG's activity programme for 2010-2011)	
• To improve satellite/aerial surveillance cooperation in the region (subject included in REMPEC's agenda through surveillance operations and availability of expertise on request),	
• To improve and access reliable forecasting model, in this regard, REMPEC signed an MoU with Mediterranean Operational	
Oceanographic Network (MOON)	
• To further support development of waste management plan (mainly for large spills). In this regards, the MTWG is currently	
developing a Waste Management Decision Support Tools to assist countries in developing their national waste management plan	
and in identifying the best treatment and disposal facilities in the country	